

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend claim 15 and add new claims 20 and 21 as follows:

**LISTING OF CURRENT CLAIMS**

Claim 1 (Previously Presented). A light emitting diode comprising:

a light emitting structure having a plurality of light emitting layers which generate light in responsive to an injection current;

5 a transparent conductive oxide layer formed on said light emitting structure, said transparent conductive oxide layer having one of a metal grid and a dot pattern formed therein and abutting said light emitting structure;

a metal reflective layer formed on said transparent conductive oxide layer, said transparent conductive oxide layer being formed to prevent said metal reflective layer from reacting with said light emitting layers while annealing for improving ohmic  
10 contact of electrodes of said light emitting diode; and

a conductive base substrate formed on said metal reflective layer.

Claim 2. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 1, wherein said conductive base structure is selected from the group consisting of copper, aluminum, SiC, AlN and silicon.

Claim 3. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 1, wherein the transparent conductive oxide layer is selected from the group consisting  $\text{In}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SnO}_2$ ,  $\text{CdO}$ ,  $\text{ZnO}$ ,  $\text{ITO}$ ,  $\text{CTO}$ ,  $\text{CuAlO}_2$ ,  $\text{CuGaO}_2$  and  $\text{SrCu}_2\text{O}_2$ .

Claim 4. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 1, wherein said metal reflective layer is selected from the group consisting of Au, Al and Ag.

Claim 5. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 1, further comprising a metal bonding layer formed in between said conductive base substrate and said metal reflective layer.

Claim 6. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 5, wherein said bonding layer is selected from the group consisting of In, Au-Sn alloy, Au-Si alloy, Pb-Sn alloy and Au-Ge alloy, PdIn.

Claim 7. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 5, further comprising a diffusion barrier layer formed in between said metal reflective layer and said metal bonding layer.

Claim 8. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 7, wherein said diffusion barrier layer is selected from the group consisting of conductive oxide layer, refractory metal layer, and refractory metal silicide.

Claim 9. (Previously Presented) A light emitting diode comprising:

a conductive base substrate;

a light emitting structure having a plurality of light emitting layers which generate light in responsive to an injection current;

5 a transparent conductive oxide layer formed on said light emitting structure, said transparent conductive oxide layer having one of an ohmic contact metal grid and a dot patterned layer formed therein and atop said light emitting structure;

a metal reflective layer formed on said transparent conductive oxide layer, said transparent conductive oxide layer being formed to prevent said metal reflective  
10 layer from reacting with said light emitting layers while annealing for improving ohmic contact of electrodes of said light emitting diode;

a diffusion barrier layer formed in between said metal reflective layer and a metal bonding layer; and

15        said metal bonding layer formed in between said conductive base substrate  
and said diffusion barrier layer so as to bond said conductive base substrate and  
said light emitting structure.

Claim 10. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 9, wherein  
said conductive base substrate is a heat dissipation and electrical conductive layer  
selected from the group consisting of copper, aluminum, SiC, AlN and silicon.

Claim 11. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 9, wherein  
said transparent conductive layer is selected from the group consisting of  $\text{In}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  
 $\text{SnO}_2$ , CdO, ZnO, ITO, CTO,  $\text{CuAlO}_2$ ,  $\text{CuGaO}_2$  and  $\text{SrCu}_2\text{O}_2$ .

Claim 12. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 9, wherein  
said metal reflective layer is selected from the group consisting of Au, Al and Ag.

Claim 13. (Original) The light emitting diode according to claim 9, wherein  
said metal bonding layer is selected from the group consisting of In, Au-Sn alloy, Au-  
Si alloy, Pb-Sn alloy and Au-Ge alloy, PdIn.

Claim 14. (Canceled)

Claim 15. (Currently Amended) The light emitting diode according to  
claim 14 9, wherein said diffusion barrier layer is selected from the group consisting  
of conductive oxide layer, refractory metal layer, and refractory metal silicide.

Claim 16. (Withdrawn) A method of manufacturing a light emitting diode,  
comprising the steps of:

providing a light emitting diode epi-layers which has a plurality of III-V  
compound semiconductor layers grown on a temporary substrate;

5        forming a transparent conductive oxide layer atop said epi-layers;

forming a metal reflective layer on said transparent conductive oxide layer;  
providing a base substrate having a first ohmic contact metal layer formed on one side surface and a second ohmic contact metal formed on the other side surface, wherein said first ohmic contact metal layer is served as a first electrode;  
10        depositing a metal bonding layer on said second ohmic contact metal layer or on said metal reflective layer;  
      using said metal bonding layer to adhere said epi-layers with said base substrate;  
      removing said temporary substrate; and  
15        forming an ohmic contact metal layer on an exposed surface of said epi-layers which serves as a second electrode.

Claim 17. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 16, after said step of forming a metal reflective layer and before said steps of adhering said LED epi-wafer with said base substrate further comprising a step of forming a diffusion barrier on said metal reflective layer so as to prevent said metal bonding layer from reacting with said metal reflective layer.

Claim 18. (Withdrawn) The light emitting diode according to claim 16, wherein said conductive base substrate is a heat dissipation and electrical conductive layer selected from the group consisting of copper, aluminum, SiC, AlN and silicon.

Claim 19. (Canceled)

Claim 20. (New) A light emitting diode comprising:  
a conductive base substrate;  
a light emitting structure, having a plurality of light emitting layers which generate light in responsive to injection current;  
5        a transparent ohmic contact metal layer formed on a top layer of said light emitting layers;

a transparent conductive oxide layer formed on said transparent ohmic contact metal layer;

a metal reflective layer formed on said transparent conductive oxide layer;

10 and

a metal bonding layer formed in between said conductive base substrate and said metal reflective layer so as to bond said conductive base substrate together with said light emitting structure.

21. (New) The light emitting diode according to claim 19 wherein said transparent ohmic contact metal layer is a Ni/Au double layer.